Sanjay Ghodawat University, Kolhapur **2020-21**

Established as State Private University under Govt. of Maharashtra. Act No XL, 2017

EXM/P/09/00

Year and Program: 2020-21, F.Y. B.Sc.	**School of Science**	**Department: Common to all**
Course Code: AES 101R1	**Course Title: English Communication**	**Semester : I**
Day and Date:	**End Semester Examination**	**Time : 2 Hrs.** **Max Marks : 50**

Instructions: 1) All Questions are compulsory.

Q.1		**Answer/Solve the following (any Two)**	**Marks**	**Bloom's Level**	**CO**
	a)	Define the communication process/cycle (with diagram) and Explain the essential elements of Communication.	8	1	1
	b)	Explain the parts of Speech of English language in detail. Provide examples of each parts of speech and its function in sentence.	8	2	2
	c)	Enlist the barriers to communication? Define some important barriers to communication with examples.	8	2	1
Q.2		**Answer/Solve the following (any two)**			
	a)	Write a Situational Conversation ia a dialogue form between a bank employee and a customer regarding opening a new bank account. Consider the related details and write a meaningful conversation.	8	2	3
	b)	Write a letter of enquiry to Exotic Electrical Manufacturer Kolhapur about electrical appliances asking for a product catalogue, price list, and mode of transport, method of payment, terms and conditions. Invent the necessary details. (write in Block Style)	8	3	4
	c)	Write a Reply Letter to the above inquiry letter on behalf of Exotic Electrical Manufacturer Kolhapur. Keep your tone convincing. (write in Indented format)	8	3	4
Q.3		**Answer/Solve the following (any two)**			
	a)	Define the close reading method of Reading in detail and its importance in comprehension.	9	2	3
	b)	Translate the Following passage into Marathi or Hindi language. Maharashtra is the most industrialized state in India and the state's capital, Mumbai is India's financial and commercial hub. The state has played a significant role in the country's social and political life and widely considered a leader in terms of agricultural and industrial	9	1	5

		production, trade and transport, and education. Maharashtra is one of the most developed and prosperous Indian states and continues to be the single largest contributor to the national economy with a share of 15% in the country's GDP. The economy of Maharashtra is the largest in India, with a gross state domestic product (GSDP). Maharashtra is the fifteenth-highest ranking among Indian states in human development index. Maharashtra was ruled by the Maurya Empire in the fourth and third centuries BCE. Around 230 BCE, Maharashtra came under the rule of the Satavahana dynasty for 400 years. The Buddhist Ajanta Caves in present-day Aurangabad display influences from the Satavahana and Vakataka style. Maharashtra is the third largest state by area in India. Maharashtra has 36 districts, 355 talukas, 535 cities, 63,663 villages, 6 administrative divisions. The Western Ghats better known as Sahyadri. Maharashtra occupies the western and central part of the country and has a long coastline stretching 720 kilometres. Maharashtra is divided into five geographic regions. Named as Konkan, Khandesh, Marathvada, Vidarbh and Dakkhan.			
	c)	Write the summary of the following Extract. The Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization (CSIRO) is Australia's main scientific body. They conducted a research on the toxicity of the interior of new cars over a period of two years. Steve Brown, the head of the CSIRO's air quality control research unit draws a parallel between the home and the car. He says, "Just as air inside our homes and workplaces is often much more polluted than the air outside, so sitting in your new car can expose you to levels of toxic emissions that are many times beyond health guideline goals." The toxic emissions contain many chemicals and they include for example, benzene, acetone, ethylbenzene, and xylene isomers. The effects of each are far from benign. Benzene is a cancer-causing agent, acetone is a mucosal irritant, ethylbenzene is a systemic toxic agent, and xylene isomers is a foetal development toxic agent. So what are the precautions that new car owners have to take? Brown pointed out in a statement that the remedy was simple. "To avoid some exposure to this toxic cocktail, people who buy new cars should make sure that there is plenty of outside air entering the vehicle while they drive it for at least 6 months." The implications are clear. Drivers should refrain from using their car air-conditioners and drive with their windows rolled down.	9	4	5

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